

Hongkong Telegraph

No. 3603

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1893

Banks.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital 1,000,000
Subscribed Capital 500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:—
D. Gillies, Esq., Chairman,
Chow Tung Shing, Esq.,
Chen Kit Shan, Esq.,
H. Stierholt, Esq.,
Kwan Hoi Chuen, Esq.,
Chief Manager,
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Branches:—London, Yokohama, Shanghai and Amoy.

BANKERS.

The Commercial Bank of Scotland,
Paris Banking Co., and The Alliance Bank (Ld.)

Interest:—12 months Fixed, 5 per Cent.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [18]

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP 531,093.15

BANKERS:—CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:—No. 3, PRINCE'S STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES:—BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

AGENCIES:—PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST.
ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS
AND FIXED DEPOSITS can be ascertained
on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange
business transacted.

CHANTREY INCHBALD,
Manager,
Hongkong, 6th November, 1893. [189]

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL 1,000,000
SUBSCRIBED 1,185,000

BANKERS:—LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNTS at the rate of 3 per cent.
per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:—
For 12 Months 5 per cent.
" 6 " " 4 " "
" 3 " " 3 " "

JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong,
Hongkong, 4th February, 1893. [192]

Amusement.

HOW NATURE COMPENSATES, THE WONDER OF THE EAST.

AT No. 12, PRAYA WEST, there is to be
seen one of the most EXTRAORDI-
NARY EXHIBITIONS ever shown in the
East. The famous MAHUANG, the Armless
Siamese Woman, who has travelled the World,
has now arrived. She performs WONDERS
and can do more with her feet than the average
being can do with her hands. The Exhibition opens
DAILY.

PERFORMANCES:—
10 A.M. to 2 P.M., and 5 to 9 P.M.
Admission, 50 Cents—Children half-price.
Thursdays \$1.

T. FENTON,
Manager,
Hongkong, 15th November, 1893. [1237]

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL.

THE MOST WONDERFUL
ENTERTAINMENT IN EXISTENCE.

ZIO PAYNE.

The Infallible Wonder and Champion Fancy
Lighting Rifle Shot of the World,
SATURDAY.

Under the Distinguished Patronage of His
Excellency Major-General G. DUFFY BAKER,
C.B., Commanding H.M. Forces in China and
Hongkong; also of Commodore G. T. H. ROY,
R.N., Senior Officer, Hongkong, and Southern
Division of the China Station.

Will have the honour of appearing with an
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

NEW AND DIFFICULT SHOOTING
FEATS.

Assisted by PROFESSOR SCHUSTER.

THE MUSICAL MARVEL.

ZIO PAYNE

IN HIS INIMITABLE AND AMUSING
NECROMANCY AND EXPOSURE OF
SPIRITUALISM.

On SATURDAY, the 18th Instant.

Dress Circle and Stalls \$2.
Back Stalls \$1.
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, Back Stalls,
50 Cents.

Eight tickets for \$13. Transferable.

Plan can be seen and tickets obtained from
Messrs. KELLY & WALSH, Limited.

Commencing at 9 o'clock.
Doors open at 8.30 o'clock.

M. G. BARTON,
Business Manager,
W. ZIO PAYNE,
Proprietor,
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1244]

Insurances.

THE STANDARD.

ENDOWMENT ASSURANCE.

1. AMONG THE MANY ADVANT-
AGES of this form of Assurance, the
following may be mentioned:—

(a)—It secures an immediate Provision
for wife and family or other rela-
tives in event of early death.

(b)—It provides a Fund for Retirement.

(c)—It supplies an excellent Investment
for the regular accumulation of
small fixed sums of money.

(d)—The Surrender and loan values are
larger than under ordinary Policies.

2. AFTER THE POLICY HAS BEEN
THREE YEARS IN FORCE—
should the Policy-holder wish to dis-
continue future payments—he will
be entitled to receive, on application,
a FREE PAID-UP POLICY for a
proportionate amount of the Sum
Assured, as explained in the Pros-
pectus.

Full particulars on application,
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents,
Standard Life Office,
Hongkong, 6th August, 1893. [1747]

SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

THE Underwriters are prepared to accept
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCES on
favourable terms.

Current rates, and a guaranteed Bonus equal
to that paid by the local Offices.

S. J. DAVID & Co.,
Agents,
Hongkong, 1st November, 1893. [1416]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON-TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000 } \$833,333.33
EQUAL TO }
RESERVE FUND } \$318,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
LEE SING, Esq., LO YUE MOON, Esq.,
LOU TAO SHUM, Esq.,

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS ON GOODS, &c., taken
at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the
World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.
Hongkong, 17th December, 1893. [1974]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED \$1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

CHAU TSEUNG FAT,
Secretary,
HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST,
Hongkong, 1st September, 1893. [173]

Intimations.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE LONG RANGE CUP will be Shot for
on SATURDAY, the 18th Inst.—Ranges,
700 and 800 yards. Time, 3 P.M.

ZD. ROBINSON,
Hon. Secretary,
Hongkong, 14th November, 1893. [51]

NOTICE.

PLEASANT APARTMENTS wanted with
FULL & PARTIAL BOARD,
Address "R."

c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 9th November, 1893. [1219]

WANTED.

A WELL KEPT AMERICAN BILLIARD
TABLE, with fittings. Best maker only.
Apply to

T. Y.
c/o Mitsui Bussan Kaisha,
No. 4, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Hongkong, 14th November, 1893. [1242]

WANTED.

A ROTARY PRINTING PRESS. Size
about 35 by 45 inches, or a trifle larger.
Must be in working order.

Apply, stating terms, &c. to
G. W.,
c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office,
Hongkong, 14th September, 1893. [1014]

NOTICE.

ON and after the 1st December next,

NO CHITS
will be taken in the following Hotels,
"THE VICTORIA HOTEL,"
"THE PEAK HOTEL,"
"THE KOWLOON HOTEL,"
DORABEE NOWROOEE,
Proprietor,
Hongkong, 26th October, 1893. [1163]

HONGKONG HOTEL.

ON and after the 1st December next,

NO CHITS
will be accepted or credit given in the above
Hotel.

By Order of the Board,
R. TUCKER,
Manager,
Hongkong, 26th October, 1893. [1162]

Intimations.

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

CHRISTMAS CARDS & SOUVENIRS.

OUR SELECTION OF NEW SEASONS PRODUCTIONS IS NOW ON VIEW.

The ENGLISH and CONTINENTAL CARDS comprise—A very Large and Choice
Variety, carefully Selected from the Leading Manufacturers.

As usual, we have made a Specialty of CHINESE AND JAPANESE CARDS with PIDGIN
ENGLISH VERSES and CHARACTERISTIC NATIVE GREETINGS, also GRIFFITH'S
POPULAR SERIES of PHOTO CHRISTMAS CARDS representing LOCAL SCENES and
STUDIES of NATIVE LIFE.

WE suggest the following Publications as forming very acceptable Souvenirs for Friends at
Home, and former Residents at Hongkong, and the Coast Ports:—

KELLY & WALSH'S GUIDE TO HONG-
KONG:—Containing, besides the usual de-
scriptive part of the various places of interest,
a succinct history of the Colony and an
extremely interesting account of the Walks on
the Island and in the Neighbourhood.

KELLY & WALSH'S ALBUM OF VIEWS
OF HONGKONG:—Consisting of 19 perma-
nent process Pictures, reproduced from Photo-
graphs, by Griffith.

OUR ISLAND:—A Naturalist's Description of
Hongkong, by Sydney B. J. Skerchley,
F.R.G.S.

JAPANESE PICTURE BOOKS, PRINTED
ON CREPE PAPER WITH QUANT
COLOURED ILLUSTRATIONS.

JAPANESE JINGLES 50 Cents
OYUCHUSAN—The famous Japanese
Song 60 Cents
KOHANASAN:—Another Japanese
Song 60 Cents
THE CHILDREN OF JAPAN 40 Cents
THE FORTY-SEVEN ROMANS 60 Cents
THE RAT'S PLAIN:—A Chinese
Legend 75 Cents.

CONDOR'S LANDSCAPE GARDENING IN JAPAN.

CONDOR'S FLOWERS OF JAPAN and the Art of Floral
Arrangement.

CONDOR'S JAPANESE ROMANCE 65 Cents

CONDOR'S JAPANESE ROMANCE 65 Cents

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Intimations.

GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

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Intimations.

DAKIN CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY HONGKONG
CONFECTIONERY, &c.We have just received our New Stock of
CONFECTORY, &c. & are offering
the same at prices suitable for the present bad
times.COCOA LATE REMES.
PATRIS D'PRICOT.COCOA & ALMONDS
FANCY BREADS & SWEETS of various kinds
from 2 D. 1/2 to 25 Cents.SUGARED ALMONDS
BURNED ALMONDS.MIXED SWEETS.
TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS.CIGARETTE CASES, CIGAR CASES,
CARD CASES.In SILVER, ELECTRO, SNAKE SKIN,
RUSSIAN LEATHER, &c.CIGAR & CIGARETTE HOLDERS, PIPES.
Hongkong, 13th November, 1893. 138

S. WATSON & CO., LD.



WE INVITE ATTENTION TO OUR STOCKS

OR

CONFECTIONERY
AND
CHRISTMAS GOODS.

JORDAN ALMONDS, NOUGAT, BUTTER

SCOTCH, ASSORTED TOFFEES,

DRAGEES, PRALINES,

and a large selection

of

PURE CONFECTIONERY

from the leading Manufacturers.

CADBURY'S SPECIAL
CHOCOLATE CREMES.PINE, APRICOT, CHERRY, LIME, GUAVA,
and other

FRUIT JELLIES

in great variety.

TOM SMITH'S
CHRISTMAS CRACKERS.

COLOURED OPALS

MOUNTED IN PLUSH,

representing favourite subjects.

A Large Assortment of
ENGLISH AND JAPANESE CHRISTMAS
CARDS,of handsome and artistic designs, suitable to all
tastes and at moderate prices.A. S. WATSON & Co., LIMITED,
The Hongkong Dispensary.
ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

Hongkong, 3rd November, 1893. 15

The Hongkong Telegraph.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1893.

HENRIK R. HATON'S HOBBY-
HORSE.

SOME years ago, when Mr. HENRIK HATON, M.P. for Canterbury, first loomed up on the horizon of English politics, he was variously viewed as a crank, a man big with the desire of self-advertisement, and the possessor of a hobby-horse which he was then mercilessly riding to death. The hobby being nothing more or less than a scheme of postal and telegraphic reform. But time has shown that there was a deal of method in Mr. HATON's madness: viz. the various improvements that have really been brought into existence in the administration of the postal and telegraphic systems of Great Britain since he initiated his crusade, and which are mainly due to the personal exertions of this latter-day reformer.

When Mr. HATON passed through Hongkong the other day, a very interesting "interview" was obtained by a representative of the *Hongkong Telegraph*; but unfortunately, interesting though many of Mr. HATON's opinions and expressions undoubtedly were, he committed himself to a fair amount of inaccuracies, which somewhat discounted the value of the whole. These were pointed out in a letter written by Mr. F. von DER PROBERT, the local Superintendent of the Eastern Extension Telegraph Company, and which was published in this journal a day or two since. With the avowed object of Mr.

of the public have every sympathy and regard him as a reformer worthy all honour, but when any particular object is advanced at the expense of accuracy and honesty, even allowing that the ulterior end sought would be generally beneficial to the communities of Britain's world, it is but fair that its fallacies should be exposed and credit awarded to those who have earned it. The motives of public men are only too often open to question and are a rich field for the development of suspicion and distrust; but as regards the value of the numerous beneficial changes that have been brought about in Great Britain's postal administration by Mr. HATON's exertions, there is no question whatever: he has done good service and deserves all the kudos that attaches to their successful working. However, it is with the reduction of telegraphic rates rather than postal that the Hongkong community, as well as those of all the other Eastern ports, are most vitally concerned. It is an admitted fact that the present rates are all but prohibitive, and it is but by the utmost tension that is placed on commercial enterprise that existing business will permit the use of the cables. This fact is granted, but how can any appreciable reduction be introduced in the present state of telegraphic science? Mr. von DER PROBERT has very truly pointed out that the "carrying" capacity of long-distance cables is a limited one, only too often affected by atmospheric changes such as distant and invisible electrical disturbances, varying earth-currents, and many other technical "handicaps," the very terms of which would be Greek to our readers. And to secure the existence of these long submarine lines the Eastern Extension Company has to maintain two most expensively equipped steamers, on which are employed a highly paid staff of electricians besides a larger crew than is ever needed on a merchant vessel. Hence, it is obvious, irrespective of the enormous initial cost of a telegraphic cable, that a heavy charge must be made for its use. Were there even a shadowy prospect of Mr. HENRIK HATON realizing his highly cherished vision of six-penny telegraphy between Europe and the Far East, his scheme would be worth every encouragement and support, but in this case it is obviously a medium for unobscuring himself of a certain amount of clap-trap which impartial investigation must damn, and which can only be explained away by a knowledge of Mr. HATON's political methods. It has been notorious that for years past the Eastern Telegraph Companies have been worked in a manner so economical that it is a question if their efficiency has not been impaired; but notwithstanding this policy, we doubt if either of them has paid over seven per cent. per annum interest on their enormous, and at all times, it must be remembered, perishable investments. And still Mr. HATON says when referring to the existing companies: "The cables are mostly all in the hands of powerful companies, having a really wonderful monopoly. Mr. HATON advocates that the States should buy them all up at fair rates, and if they refuse to sell, run them off; then reduce rates to a popular basis. These statements speak for themselves when in the same breath he says:—"At the same time I have before my mind the fearful blunder we made in buying the telegraphs in England. That blunder will not be repeated."

Cheap rates of telegraphy mean prosperity to the general commercial world, but it has yet to be solved how it will be achieved when the question of long cables has to be considered. A full knowledge of this fact is our reason for lodging a very moderate protest against some of the assertions attributed to Mr. HATON; but especially do we object to his personal attack on Sir JOHN PENDES, the father and originator of ocean telegraphy, the man who, together with the late CRAS FIELD, conceived the idea and was mainly instrumental in promoting the line which connected the New World with the Old. For the successful carrying out of that gigantic enterprise Mr. JOHN PENDES (as he then was) lodged a personal guarantee of a quarter of a million sterling. Such men deserve to reap the benefits which accrue to undertakings from which less courageous men shrink; and even if this "clever manipulator of the wires" as he has been termed, has an actual monopoly of the world's telegraph lines, it must be conceded in fairness to him that he has not unduly used his power. It is for cheap rates that the *Telegraph* has been agitating for years past, but not by the methods adopted by Mr. HENRIK HATON. There is ample competition in the field now; the Imperial Chinese lines have been connected with those of Russia and are in direct opposition to those of the European Cable Companies. If the traffic is carried by them as speedily and as accurately as it is now by the Eastern route, the sequel will not be long in following. But unfortunately for the interests of the present generation we doubt if such a desirable end will be soon attained. The only hope residents in the East ever had of attaining a cheap system was through the extension of the Chinese land-lines. These may eventually be worked up to the required state of efficiency to transmit the ever-growing traffic, but it is doubtful, and while the Cable Company keeps up its present speed and mode of working it is almost certain to meet with support sufficient to secure the maintenance of the line. Cheap telegraphy has now become essential to commercial success, but then again accuracy is of even greater importance. We give Mr. HATON credit for the sincerity of his intentions, in the realization of which the "Press" of the East would be among the greatest gainer; but we have little sympathy with the means he adopts to secure their attainment.

TELEGRAMS.

THE STRIKES IN THE COAL TRADE.

LONDON, November 15th.
The British coal owners and miners have accepted the mediation of Government.

AUSTRIA AND ITALY.

Count Kalnoky goes to Rome to confer with King Humbert and Signor Rissari. Count Nigra, Italian Ambassador in Vienna, is also going. This unexpected conference is much commented upon in European diplomatic circles.

ANARCHY IN SPAIN.

MADRID, November 15th.
Barcelona has been declared in a state of alarm, and military law has been proclaimed, to quell the anarchy.

THE WAR IN MOROCCO.

The Rev. Mr. M. J. M. has asked for an armistice. But Gen. M. J. M. has refused. A severe battle took place to-day; details unknown. The Government is determined to go through with the campaign, in spite of the Sultan's overtures.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

As we go to press the fire-bell is ringing, for the Western district.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Dumby* left London for this port on the 15th inst.

A DANCE under the auspices of the Institute of Engineers and Shipbuilders will be given in the City Hall this evening.

We are informed by the agents (Messrs. Dowell, Carill & Co.) that the "Siro" liner *Glamorgan* has left Singapore for this port to-day, and is due on or about the 23rd inst.

At the police court to-day a house-boy was sent to goal for six weeks, in default of paying a fine of \$25, for stealing sundry household stores from Mr. Lamke, at Morrison Hill.

A REGULAR meeting of Pervance Lodge, No. 1165, E.C., will be held in Freemasons' Hall, Telford Street, this evening, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

Mr. E. Bowdler, Acting Director of Public Works, was yesterday sworn in, in the usual way, prior to taking a seat in the Executive and Legislative Councils, *vice* Mr. F. A. Cooper now on leave.

Mr. Charles Seymour, U.S. Consul at Canton, courteously informs us that the appointment of Mr. C. Denby, Junior, as First Secretary of the United States Legation at Peking, has been duly confirmed.

At the Magistracy to-day, Chan Klor, a Kowloon stockbroker, was fined \$75 for selling liquor to be consumed on his premises, he holding only a "grocer's licence" to sell for consumption off the premises.

The Agents (Messrs. Dowell, Carill & Co.) inform us that the "Siro" liner *Flintshire* bound for this port from London, etc., put into Saigon for coals, and will leave there to-morrow morning; she is due here on Tuesday, the 21st inst.The Chinese-owned launch *Tai Li* was arrested on Tuesday under a warrant issued by the Court of Admiralty in a suit arising out of a collision with a junk, the owners of which have entered heavy claims for damages. The launch was released to-day, the claims having been settled out of Court.

"LOUIS MORNINGSTAR," the youthful globe-trotter whose exploits may yet fill a pretty large volume, is slowly moving on his round-the-world trip—the latest about him being that he got on board a steamer bound for Bangkok, but falling to get a passage came ashore and is now at the "Sag" hotel.

The fair, though armless, Siamese maid, now on exhibition at No. 193 Praya West, is demonstrating to numerous visitors that a woman's "right arm of defence," is, when placed under proper tuition, her right leg. "If half the women in creation could emulate this Siamese lady's dexterity, what a number of good 'hubbies' there would be, to be sure!"

M. LE VASSEUR, editor of the *Indépendance Tonkinoise* and rejected candidate for legislative honours, has published a manifesto in reference to the refusal of his printer, M. Scheppler, to print his paper any more. It appears that M. Le Vasseur was badly in arrears with his payments for printing, and M. Scheppler at last refused to have anything more to do with him or his paper. M. Le Vasseur indignant at the political rival had been intending to "joke" him.STEAMERS arriving here to-day report very heavy weather outside; the *Emeralda*, Capt. G. A. Taylor, in particular had a very wet time of it on the run across from Manila. Her funnel and yards were literally coated with salt, and when her salt-crusted rig was washed the reason for having painted his ship white, his reply bore reference to the greenness of some people and the deep, deep blueness of things in general. Sailors can be eloquent sometimes!

THE Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial "optical bazaar to acknowledge, with thanks, the following donations to the funds of the Hospital:—

Union Church	\$100.00
St. John's Cathedral	\$50.00
To the Chapel (L.M.S. Chinese)	\$45.00
Bethesda Chapel (German)	\$7.50
St. Stephen's Church (C.M.S. Chinese)	\$6.30
Hakka Church (Basil Miss. Chinese)	\$11.70
St. Peter's Church	\$10.53
Westleyan Miss. Chinese Church	\$6.00
Westleyan Church	\$5.00

We are indebted to the courtesy of Capt. W. H. Farrand for the following part of the contemporary voyage of the *Prophète* from Samarang to the *Prophète* left Samarang on the 3rd inst. at 5 p.m. via Macassar, Basilan, and Mindanao Straits. Had moderate south-east winds. In Java Sea and Mindanao Straits, and passed Cebu Island on the 11th inst. at 3 p.m. Crossing China Sea had very severe weather, and on 12th and 13th encountered a heavy N.E. gale with high confused sea; ship appeared to be in great danger, rolling and labouring heavily, thereby having to go at a greatly reduced speed. Sustained considerable damage about decks. On the 14th the gale abated and settled down to a steady and strong breeze, with sea weather and low swell, with 20 miles of Hongkong, which was reached at 11 p.m. on the 15th.

Licensing Justices.

The annual meeting of Licensing Justices was held this morning, Mr. J. Z. Williams, police magistrate, presiding, and who also presided over Messrs. N. J. Z. Williams, R. C. Wilson, R. Lyall, E. W. Mitchell, J. H. Cox, E. M. Mehta, and G. M. Bala, and W. M. A. Anson (chair to the justices).

The following applied for and obtained renewals of licences:—J. Gomes, Man at the Wheel; T. H. Donnegue, Globe; J. C. L. Rauch, Praya East; J. Smith, Rose Shamrock and Thistle; A. Mohr, Sallies Home; W. Young, alias Yung Chung, Criterion (adjunct).

On the Chairman mentioning "adjunct licence?"

Mr. Mehta asked:—What is the meaning of "adjunct licence?"

The Chairman:—I forget what it means.

The Clerk:—It means in addition to his other business.

The Chairman:—Is it the same as a grocer's licence?

The Clerk:—No, Sir; he keeps an eating-house, and is allowed to give refreshments. (Ordinance produced.)

The Chairman (reading):—An adjunct licence is a licence granted to hotel keepers, restaurateurs, and others, for the retail sale of intoxicating liquors as an adjunct to their business without keeping a public bar. I suppose there is a difference in the fee?

The Clerk:—No, it is the same fee—that is, according to the assessed value of the house.

Proceeding, the justices also granted renewals to K. J. Shellm, Colonial; J. W. Osborne, Bay View; W. Thomas, Grill Room (adjunct); B. Taylor, Western; R. Isherwood, Mount Austin; L. P. Madan, Victoria; A. B. Jones, Peak; L. M. Loh, Kowloon; R. C. Tucker, Hongkong; Hock Goo, Grand; L. C. Aker, Stag; T. Silberman, Lynd we Live in; H. Oliver, Travellers; C. F. W. Peter, German. P. Bohm also obtained an adjunct licence (new) for the Windsor Hotel, Queen's Road.

At this point Mr. Mitchell-Innes, another Justice, arrived, as the proceedings were concluded.

PAYNE'S "WORLD OF WONDERS."

Zio Payne, the famous "crack" shot who arrived here a few days ago after a successful season in the Philippines, made his first bow to a Hongkong audience in the City Hall last night. The house was anything but crowded, and considering the undeniable excellence of the performance as a whole, and the length of time that has elapsed since the last "show" appeared here, this is rather to be wondered at, but though the "regular" array of empty benches made no material difference in the carrying out of the programme, still the scant support tendered Mr. Payne was very disappointing.

The entertainment was opened by Mr. Payne performing a number of clever sleight-of-hand tricks in a manner indicative of past-mastership in the art, and was followed by "Professor" Schuster, who amused the audience with a musical performance on a number of empty gin and whisky bottles suspended from a wooden bar. The sounds this musician got out of the "dead" canisters were probably much more harmonious than those produced by their original contents, and there was evinced the sympathy of his audience, who loudly applauded his efforts. Amusing as was the musical part of the show it paled into insignificance before Payne's marvellous "Wimbleton" trick, in which the crack marksman, while lying on his back, "picks" apples and potatoes off the heads of any soldiers or sailors who are willing to stand up and be shot at with apparently consummate ease, and winds up by extinguishing a candle balanced on the fore-finger of a Chinese assistant. The performance concluded with the "Dancing Skeleton" which went through a number of grotesque antics provocative of frequent roars of laughter and applause. Many new and clever feats advertised for Saturday's performance, when, despite counter attractions, Mr. Payne's entertainment should draw a full house.

HONGKONG AND HONOLULU.

In view of the fact that legislation in Hawaii has recently been directed especially to the admission of Chinese—merchants, labourers, and all other classes—and that a Honolulu gentleman, Mr. C. P. Gardner, is now in Hongkong on business connected with the movement, a representative of the *Hongkong Telegraph* called on Mr. Gardner yesterday, and was enabled to learn and readily supplied with a mass of valuable and interesting information having reference to the proposals now under consideration.

Mr. Gardner came to Hongkong in the *City of Rio* from San Francisco, having left Honolulu several weeks ago—only a day or two before the stranding of the *Molokai*. He has been for several years a resident of the Hawaiian Kingdom, and takes an active interest in its politics, being well known as an ardent royalist—i.e., in fact, almost all the British residents are while the Provisional Government is maintained, supported by Americans, favouring either annexation to the United States or an independent republic. At present, annexation is "dead off" for several very potent reasons; a republic would probably be as unsatisfactory as the Central and South American countries; and there seems to be a strong feeling in favour of restoring Queen Liliuokalani, who abdicated under protest on the declaration of the Provisional Government. It may be remembered that the revolution by which the present rulers came into power took place a little over a year ago, when the U.S. Minister, Mr. Stevens, took the unprecedented and unwarranted step of landing a strong force from the American warships in port, and drawing a *carton* to protect the rebels, who thus seized the reins of government with his assistance; while the Loyalists, of course, could not fire on the insurgents without declaring war on the United States. The result was, naturally, the immediate recall of Mr. Stevens by the U.S. Government; but the revolution was accomplished, and the Queen is now living alone privately in Honolulu as Mrs. Dominick, her husband, an Englishman by birth, having died just a year after the late Hawaiian king. The electoral power is with the natives, who far outnumber the rest, but they are easily led. In any direction. Of the white residents, the Americans are slightly more numerous, but the British and Germans each run their close. More than half of these foreigners are naturalised Hawaiian subjects.

As to the business which brings Mr. Gardner over here, it is at present impossible to go very much into detail, since the negotiations are in a somewhat early stage; in fact, he is awaiting instructions. However, it may be pointed out that a law has been passed allowing the introduction of a limited number of Chinese, and Mr. Gardner is acting as commissioner for a number of leading merchants in Honolulu to prepare the way. There are at present about 2,000 Chinese settled here, but the influx was stopped, and it is now proposed to again permit it on a restricted scale. There is no treaty with China, but there is a joint treaty with England and France, though, in point of fact, the French relations with Hawaii either in trade or in anything else are absolutely nil. The islands are nearest to America, being 2,100 miles off, as compared with 4,400 from Hongkong, besides which they are in the direct line from Australia to America, so that American trade predominates. There is a great field for Chinese in the rice, sugar, and coffee business. Rice is becoming the leading article, as Hawaiian rice is known to be the best obtainable on the American market; it is preferred to other

Japanese or Siamese, and is much less costly in the matter of transport. There are two crops of rice a year, and its quality cannot be equalled. The soil of Hawaii will grow almost anything, being remarkably fertile, and the climate uniform all the year round, being within the tropics.

As to the prospects of settled government, hitherto the country has been rather addicted to revolutions, though on a very mild scale; there is usually a tremendous amount of excitement, and in the last revolution, for no disturbance, a policeman was shot, but no other injury was done to anybody; in the previous one, six or eight people were killed. In one case, the palace was stormed and badly damaged; but on the whole, it may safely be said that residence in the country is by no means dangerous or uncertain. The financial condition of Hawaii is, however, very unsatisfactory. The native governments have always been very incautious, and it may almost be said, even childish in their manner of squandering money; the "Navy" was a remarkable instance, for a gentleman's yacht was purchased to form the nucleus of a fleet, and after about \$100,000 had been spent the vessel made one trip to Samoa, got back with tremendous difficulty, and was then condemned as utterly unworthy and rotten from age, and was sold for \$3,000. This is but one among many instances which could be given. Apart from such questions, individually the natives are bright and clever, and very good-hearted—in fact, far too easily led.

As to the conditions of labour in Hawaii, there is a system of contract labour, but nothing at all approaching debt-slavery or interfering with the liberty of the subject in any way. The Hawaiian law in fact prohibits a creditor from selling more than one-third of a debtor's salary. Chinese have the same rights as other foreigners, and may become naturalised. Many Chinese hold very good positions, including several Chinese lawyers. For natives or naturalised citizens, a property qualification exists as to elections for the Upper House, but the Lower House is elected by universal suffrage. The Chinese find one great fault—that option is absolutely prohibited in the country. In every other respect, the Hawaiian islands offer splendid inducements, and there is every prospect of a big trade in the near future.

At 4.45 p.m. yesterday the fire signal (two guns) was given from the Monte Fort, and it was speedily known all over the town that one of the butchers' stalls, right in the centre of the big Chinese market known as the "Bazaar," was in flames. The shop was at the corner of a very narrow alley-way leading through the market, and buildings were pretty closely crowded round it, so that with a very slight breeze the flames rapidly spread. The fire engines got to work as soon as possible, but seemed utterly unable to do anything. A detachment of men from the *Dix* and *Bengo* came to help, and exerted themselves with great energy and courage. The appliances were insufficient, however, and the whole market was burnt down, besides about sixty other houses. A majority of the damage is covered by insurance, but the total loss caused by the fire cannot be less than \$100,000.

It is reported that a young girl was trampled to death in the stampede that followed the first alarm, and also that three persons were burnt to death. Up to the present, however, there is no means of verifying the report. The confirmation was practically under control by 9.30 p.m., but was not quite stamped out until this morning, and the engines were kept at work until then.

MACAO.

GREAT FIRE IN THE BAZAAR.

\$100,000 DAMAGE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Macao, November 16th.

At 4.45 p.m. yesterday the fire signal (two guns) was given from the Monte Fort, and it was speedily known all over the town that one of the butchers' stalls, right in the centre of the big Chinese market known as the "Bazaar," was in flames. The shop was at the corner of a very narrow alley-way leading through the market, and buildings were pretty closely crowded round it, so that with a very slight breeze the flames rapidly spread. The fire engines got to work as soon as possible, but seemed utterly unable to do anything. A detachment of men from the *Dix* and *Bengo* came to help, and exerted themselves with great energy and courage. The appliances were insufficient, however, and the whole market was burnt down, besides about sixty other houses. A majority of the damage is covered by insurance, but the total loss caused by the fire cannot be less than \$100,000.

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Your correspondent watched the operations closely and constantly, and cannot but state that though all of the brigade did their best eagerly with bravely, the fire engines are unable to cope with anything big, and of no use for a large fire. It is high time something was done to improve the appliances for extinguishing fires; for at present there is next to nothing, and if only there had been a strong wind last night the whole colony would have been burnt out.

CRUELTY IN CHINA.

THE SLAUGHTER OF GIRL BABIES AND TYRANNY WITH WOMEN.

Under the above heading a Dr. Joseph Simms, an American who claims to have recently made an extensive tour through the Chinese Empire, contributes the following extraordinary account of his alleged experiences to the *Stanford Conn. Recorder*:

"Whenever we know a man to have a low or selfish opinion of women in general we get him down as a mean, vulgar fellow, and in whatever country we find that a contemptible estimate is placed on womanhood, we may be sure that society there is dominated by an element of barbarism. The highest civilisation is never marked by an honorable equality of the sexes in the public estimation. If anything is needed to prove the utterly uncivilised condition of the Chinese it is found in their treatment of the female sex. We may mention the fact that the Chinese are and have been notoriously cruel to their women, and are shown out to people, and that at Shanghai we saw a tower formerly used to facilitate this infanticide. It is practiced in every part of China, but especially in the interior and in the Loess district. As soon as we get many miles from the coast it is quite usual to see near a house, or place of worship, a small stone tower from ten to thirty feet high, with no door, but a hole in one side leading into a pit in the earth. This is the place where the children of parents who wish to be rid of are thrown into this hole, and quicklime soon consumes the lifeless little form. It is said that this pit is charged with this cruel work. It has been estimated that every year 200,000 female babies are brutally slaughtered in the empire. One Chinese being interrogated about the destruction of his recently born girl said: 'The wife cry and cry, but kill her same.' In every large city in China there are asylums for the care of orphans, supported and conducted by foreigners, who save yearly from slaughter tens of thousands of female infants."

"At Hankow, which is 600 miles inland, we visited a Roman Catholic orphanage for children that have been cast off to perish. Mother Paula Visconti, the Lady Superior of this institution, informed us that she had received seven that day, and on one day thirty were brought in. Of course these had never been assigned to a baby-house."

"Sometimes they are found wrapped in paper and left at the edge of the river; sometimes they are buried alive by the father, but while yet living are dug up by some one else and brought to this institution. Several women are employed by the Mother Superior in looking about for the little victims. Upwards of a thousand are received every year. Many of them, of course, die soon after admission, owing to the exposure and neglect they have suffered through being abandoned, and many are poisoned by the infanticide in the pit in the tower. Those who accept the change have to bring the children away, and

week for inspection, and then, if all right, they receive pay for maintaining them."

"This is an inhuman charity, and one of the most estimable in China. During the twenty-five years of its existence it has saved the lives of say 30,000 or 40,000 children, of whom a fair proportion have grown to womanhood. It received considerable support from the European residents at Hankow, of whom there are about one hundred and twenty."

"Those children who remain within the premises of the institution are fed and clothed, and when old enough taught to sew, make lace, knit stockings and do other useful work. They never know where they came from or who their parents were. When they are four years of age their feet are bandaged, according to the general custom of all classes in China, to keep them small, as that increases their chances of marriage. Only among the poorer classes of Manchus and Tartars is this compression of the feet omitted."

"A Chinese man prefers a wife with small feet and often selects one by inspecting her shoes, without even seeing her face. If they are small enough to suit his unnatural taste he says she will do. These girls marry at sixteen or eighteen and as soon as one is engaged she dresses her hair in a style that denotes to all and sundry that she is no longer in the matrimonial market. She also, with the same view, wears red or bright colored pantaloon. Women in China wear no petticoats. Bride and bridegroom rarely see each other before they are married, as matches are generally made through agents; considered disgraceful it is not customary for husband and wife to be seen out of doors together. In fact, most Chinese wives are kept in as much seclusion as possible."

"Polygamy is allowed everywhere, and when a rich man has chosen his first wife with feet small enough to please him, he takes from two to five more whose feet may be of more useful size, but they must all be subject to the command and control of the small-footed one, the reason appearing to be that superior birth and breeding are thus marked. Of course these very small feet are not useful for walking, and the danger of falling and fracturing bones on such a tiny active renders a woman very helpless and all but useless."

"The laws of China recognize seven causes for divorce. They are: Lasciviousness, jealousy, barter, theft, disobedience, leprosy and talkativeness. The laws are for the protection of the women; do not seem to be considered worth legal protection; a man is liable to punishment if he retains a wife who has been guilty of adultery. An eloping wife may be sold by the husband, and if she marries while she is absent from his house she must suffer death by strangling. The legal power granted to men over their wives is often tyrannically used and many instances are on record of the lowest kind of brutality being practiced."

"Slavery is common in China, and a woman is often sold into slavery, just as a horse or an ox is disposed of—long on selves. In the other hand, polyandry prevails in Tibet and Bhutan—that is one woman may have several husbands. The diabolical treatment of women in China, in a large measure, is responsible for the non-advancement of civilisation in that vast but weak empire."

A FEW MATRIMONIAL FAILURES.

Sir Thomas More's wife scolded him on the eve of his execution.

Hill's wife called nothing by his abilities, and kept him at home by her temper.

Mollie, an actress of forty, married an actress aged seventeen, who soon took to her bed. Coleridge left his wife and children without apology or farewell, and never would see them again.

Catherine II. of Russia had her husband assassinated, and from his death to her own ruled alone.

Shelley married an ironkeeper's daughter who proved unaccountable. He left her, and she committed suicide.

Boswell's "Uxorians" is a collection of his wife's sayings to him, which does no little credit to her abilities as a "lecturer."

Alexander the Great was accustomed to beat his wives with the fist of his sword whenever they "talked back" at him.

Gen. Jackson's wife went to the inn after him if he failed too long, and she brought him home, tongue-tied like all the wives.

Cervantes drew a picture of his own wife; in the "Mistress Housekeeper for the Devil," whom Sancho Panza abused so bitterly.

Kantippe, the wife of Socrates, some times emptied buckets of slops from the windows on his head as he entered or left the house.

The wife of Robault, the philosopher, took her seat at the door of his lecture-room and would not allow poorly dressed or ill-favored

between the census of 1881 and 1891, then in 1901 it will be not fewer than 17,527,615 human beings. It is only the census of 1891 that the census of 1881 was taken. With about 10,000,000 more people than in 1881, and that the population hereafter will only expand by means of the natural increase of birth over death, then the population fifty years hence will be 10,000,000. If finally, all ratios of increase should be disregarded, and we should simply add for each decade the precise number of persons added in the ten years preceding 1891, we should obtain 9,666,667 as the population of 1901. After weighing all the considerations that might affect the calculation, the committee of the Census Council determined to accept 12,500,000 as the most reasonable estimate of the population of London fifty years hence, and they accordingly recommended that the scale of the new works should be adjusted to this computation.

Of what incredible complexity and amplitude are the conditions of food pervasiveness presented by such a stupendous hive of human beings! Of what unparalleled intricacy and importance are the various problems involved! With what peculiar force should the various inhabitants of future London pray to be delivered from plague and pestilence, and with what new and appalling terrors would be clothed through the threatened disruption of the machinery relied upon for a daily food supply.

It is obvious that no city comparable in size with the London of the future can ever exist on the Continent of Europe until there is a general distribution of the nations, and a universal acquiescence in a scheme of peace. To such a huge urban population, massed under supremely artificial conditions, the relative security afforded by England's insular situation is indispensable. Paris, Berlin, Vienna must necessarily contemplate the possibility of invasion, and it is certain that no city containing ten and a half millions of inhabitants could withstand a siege. The unprecedented magnitude which London acquires in the sea, and with every year will become a matter of more vital moment to make certain that the British Navy keeps the ramparts safe.—*New York Sun.*

PIES OF INFORMATION.

A year has 157 5/8 or 60 ticks a year.
A Gull's nest has 5000 ticks a minute.
A Gull's nest is also a half mile long.

The proper complement of human teeth is thirty-two.
There are on the average about 500 yards in thickness.

There are 600,000 leaves upon an elm tree three feet high.
The "Alphabet" contains all the vowels in thirteen letters.

On the average 27,000 widowers re-marry as against 10,000 widows.
People do not hear better with their right than with their left ear.

England, Alaska, Brazil is larger in extent than the United States.
In the case of L. XVI the hats of the ladies were high and four wide.

The world's only one and a half ounce of brain matter is found in the brain.
All the bones in the human body would not equal one pound in weight.

The population of the Territory of Alaska is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Nevada is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Oregon is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Washington is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Idaho is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Montana is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Wyoming is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Utah is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Arizona is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of New Mexico is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Colorado is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Nebraska is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Kansas is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Oklahoma is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Texas is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Louisiana is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Mississippi is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Alabama is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Georgia is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Florida is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of South Carolina is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of North Carolina is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Virginia is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of West Virginia is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Maryland is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Delaware is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Pennsylvania is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of New Jersey is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of New York is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Connecticut is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Rhode Island is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Massachusetts is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Vermont is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of New Hampshire is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Maine is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of New Brunswick is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Nova Scotia is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Prince Edward Island is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Newfound Land is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Newfoundland is 10,000.

The population of the Territory of Labrador is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Newfoundland is 10,000.

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The population of the Territory of Newfoundland is 10,000.
The population of the Territory of Labrador is 10,000.

So far no one has ever made the blunder of painting a Cupid to look as if he had any sense. Those who habitually ask advice never remember it when they win, nor forget it if they lose.

"There is no such word as fail." "No, not now more; it's either an assignment or a receiver-ship."

The motto of too many business men seems to be—"If at first you don't succeed, fail, fail, again."

Misunderstood—"So poor Jim is dead? I know to his ashes!" "Do you think he has gone there?"

A silver dollar is like a great many women—it goes for its face value, but it is worth a great deal less.

The latest method of eloping is by bicycle. In such instances it is love which makes the wheels go round.

We ought, says the *Troy Press*, to keep peace with China as long as we have a Pacific Ocean between us.

A correspondent asks: "How can I get a copious flow of language?" Try stepping on a brass tack.

No Room for Agnosticism—"Do you believe in dreams?" "Why, of course I've often had them myself."

It's no use to ask a man who is gone to have a tooth pulled whether he doesn't think this is just a perfect day.

When a woman hears a man praising another woman to her face, she (blinks what horrible deceivers men are.

The Letter of Two Evils—Give me neither poverty nor riches, but if I must have one of them give me riches.

Whenever you have a proposition to get something for nothing, it will pay you to walk around it by the farthest route.

Some people are too kind to tell the truth. If you ask one of them to lend you \$5 he will declare he hasn't a cent.

The ester of the early apple catches the worm. In carrying a gun the great point is to point the barrel the other way.

"So poor Douglas is gone, is he?" "Yes—worked himself to death trying to keep up his payments on life insurance."

She—Do you think it is the sign of death when a dog howls beneath your window? He—Yes, if you are a good shot.

Little Alice—What is a boor, mamma? Cynical Mamma—A boor, dear, is a man who has never been taught to lie.

Actress—I wonder what I shall do this season to keep myself before the public. Sister Actress—Why don't you try acting?

Young Servant—You wouldn't take me for a married man, would you? Miss Flyer—I rather think I would, if you should ask me.

A reputation once broken may possibly be repaired, but the world will always keep their eyes on the spot where the crack was.

Maud—(with partner)—How do you feel? Ethel—(sitting alone)—Fine as a fiddle. Maud—(mildly)—What without a beau?

We King—An advertisement is about as remunerative as planting poppies with the idea that they will grow into marigolds.

A disturbing feature of the love fight between France and Russia is that France is providing the love and Russia is doing the fighting.

Hadn't Looked Lovely—Mr. Stylings—Have you any gray hairs in your beard? She—There weren't any when you came, Mr. Stylings.

Really Explained—"I always knew he was 'on time' to propose." "But he married a short time ago." "Yes, but he married a widow."

"George, father has failed." "Thank you, just like him. I told you all along, darling, that he was going to do all he could to keep us from marrying."

Very Unfortunate—"It's pretty tough to own only one suit of clothes," said Rick. "Suppose some one steals it. Why, you have absolutely no dress."

"And how is your table?" asked the prospective boarder. "Splendid!" said the landlady. "Why, it's such that people are dying of indigestion all the time."

An Extraordinary woman. "When I proposed to her what do you think she said?" "This is so sudden, of course." "No, sir," said the landlady. "I expected this."

Johns—Did you ever read "The Man Without a Country"? Winks—No, but I can sympathize with him. I am "The Man Without Any Relatives in Chicago."

A lady reader wants to know if he believes in love by "laying on of hands." We do, madame, we do most fervently. But a slipper or the back of a hair brush is better.

More Information—Tommy—Paw, what is the equinox? Mr. Figg—Equinox, my son, is derived from two words, equine and ox. It is one of the names of the horned horse.

Judge—You are charged with being drunk, but haven't I seen you somewhere before? Prisoner—You have. We took the gold cure together. Judge—Discharged.

The Serious—Elsie—Why did you break off your engagement with George? Gladys—You see, we were forced to be together a good deal, and I found I was getting tired of him.

One of Boston—Englishman—"It is beastly weather. Bostonian—Really? Why, there's nothing animal about it, is there? Englishman—Certainly. Isn't it raining cats and dogs?"

THE SLOW VALLEY.
"Mr. Ardop," the landlady said, "I'll confidence is restored, I am sorry to say you will have to pay in advance for your lodging and board."

Mrs. Phenomena—I don't see how it is that so many apparently iron-bound wills can be broken at the testator's die. Mr. Phenomena—Well, you know the old saying, where's a will there's a way.

One Woman's Way—"You don't know what this means," said Mrs. Fletcher, "about your yesterday's excitement—she tried to murder me!" "I don't want to know," said the other woman.

WIFE OF MILLIONAIRES REVEALED.
If in our graves we'd be content, We should, dying, leave behind us Not so much as one penny cent.

The resemblance of the House of Lords to the United States Senate, says the *N.Y. World*, is a striking but not speaking likeness. The Lords vote and don't talk, the Senate talks and won't vote.

WIFE—Do you believe that the use of tobacco tends to shorten a man's days? Dr. Bowdler—If you think that's true, I'll tell you, and the days were about eighty hours long.

Look Here, said Mrs. Tadde to Harry Higgins, "I didn't give you a dinner yesterday?" "You did, madam," replied Higgins, with a courtesy bow, and one good dinner deserves another.

WHEN HEAVENLY MATHS OCCURRED.
"What heavenly maths, my dear?" "The young man to let the heavens be his bed!" "But now that she is old and bald!" "I don't know, my dear, but I think it's a good idea."

Why, Charles, you look pale. "What has happened?" "I've just received a invitation to a wedding." "Well, there's nothing particular in that to go into raptures over." "Ah, but it's to be in my day!"

A CHICAGO PHILOPHILE.
I asked her if she had read Kant. "Oh," she replied, "he's a bore, but I have a sweet copy of Dante With him I feel quite at home."

A Sublimity—Kingsley—"Don't you think it is a waste of time to read a newspaper at meal times? Bing—On the contrary. I find it a great help. When my wife makes a failure of the breakfast I devour the paper."

Mother—For mercy's sake, child, what do you expect to do in the world? You can't cook, nor sew, nor teach school, and you are not a belle; what can you do? Daughter—Well, mother, I can get married, can't I?

Not the right answer—Female Sunday school teacher (who is trying to explain the parable of the Good Shepherd)—Suppose, Tommy, you children were all little sheep, what would I be? Tommy—An old ewe.

The Degradation of Art—"What's the matter, Bruce? You look sad." "I am sad. I decorated a set of soup plates for Mrs. Boodle, and what do you suppose she does with them?" "Give it up. What? 'Give 'em for soup!'"

Few men on this terrestrial ball Less reason had at fate to flout Hallowed and did esteem by all— You see, he never was found out.

He—You consider engagements binding, you say? She—Yes. He—And yet you confess that you were engaged to two men at the same time. How can that be possible? She—The engagements were binding on me, but not on me.

Fashion Note—Mr. Uppercrust (to his son)—"I say, Charles, why don't you wear your dress suit?" Charles—"Not much. The last time I wore my dress suit at a party a young lady ordered me to bring her a cup of coffee and be quick about it."

The tailor—Surely you don't mean that you want this coat made with a great bump of wadding in the back? Why, you'll look like a hunchback! The Customer—Hush! I'm a member of the Young Men's Bicycle Society and I'm a candidate for the Presidency of it.

MUSIC THEN AND NOW.
When music, heavenly maid, was young, She knew enough to hold her tongue, When music, heavenly maid, grew old, She learned to bawle noise for gold, For music, in her middle age, Went on the operatic stage.

"Where is the man who hit my friend?" blurted the little man in the crowd. "I don't know," replied a big fellow. "What are yer gobs for do about it?" "Why, er—y—y—I am a professor of anatomy, and I should like to examine the marvelous development of your bicep."

An Honest Critic—He had a "justly earned" reputation as a graceful speaker and asked a rural constituent, "What do you think of my 'fist' just now?" "Well," replied the candid old gentleman, "I must say some of the words was a little too much for me. But, just in spite of that, I should say the crowd didn't like it."

A Gross Undervaluation—Maud—Have you seen Tom this morning? Jennie—No; and I don't want to see him. Maud—Why not? Haven't you quarrelled? Jennie—No; but he's a brute. When the butler master rescued me from the under too yesterday, Tom told him he wanted to make some suitable recognition of what he had done, and gave him a quarter of a dollar.

KANSAS BUGS IN DANGER.
The following is a sample verse from the Kansas cantata recently sung by the Topeka Modistes:—

"The way to knock the cloth bugs out Is just to grab one by the snout, Then bore a hole deep in his guts Sufficient to incalculable Hold fast his legs, so he can't squirm, Pour in a quart of cholera germ, Plug up the hole, leave him at ease Until he gets the dread disease. Then let him loose among his mates Until disease exterminates."

SOUND PHILOSOPHY.
I said: "The times are hard, and bread is dear when work is not; And sad, indeed, is poverty, and lonely is its lot; And faint the gleam of silver is, and far the gleam of gold; The chilly winds are blowing, but the hearth at home is cold; And one climbed up and twisted his arms—her little arms so white— Around my neck, and softly said: 'I love papa to-night!'"

And, as she cuddled close to me—the winsome little witch— The times were hard, no longer for her love had made me rich.

SCOTT'S Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, for *Rickets, Marasmus* and all wasting disorders of children, is very remarkable in its results. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful. Read the following:—"I have tried Scott's Emulsion in cases of wasting in young children, and I am of opinion that it is a valuable preparation for such cases. The children take it and ask for more, and the good effects are apparent. I consider it far superior to ordinary Cod Liver Oil."—J. MARSHALL, M.R.C.S., &c., 143, Grange Road, Brompton, S.W. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China.—*A.S.W.*

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY.
GREAT REDUCTION IN RENT FOR BED-ROOMS OR OFFICES!
ROOMS to be let, UNFURNISHED or FURNISHED, from \$5 to \$40 per month, including Water and Partial attendance, but not Gas.
Special reductions would be made to parties occupying suites of Rooms.
Apply to
R. TUCKER, Manager.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1249]

Intimations.
GRIFFITH'S
NEW YEAR CARDS.
WITH PHOTOGRAPHS ILLUSTRATING CHINESE LIFE AND VIEWS OF HONGKONG AND THE OUT-PORTS. Suitable Souvenirs for posting home.
Can be had at the Studio, 2, Ice House Road and Duddell Street, or from any Bookellers.
Hongkong, 9th November, 1893. [1252]

PRIVATE BOARD AND RESIDENCE FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
MONTHLY BOARD AND RESIDENCE...\$30
MONTHLY BOARD AND RESIDENCE...\$55
Apply to
Mrs. MATHER,
Nos. 2 & 3, Pedder's Hill.
Hongkong, 11th November, 1893. [1250]

THOMAS'S GRILL ROOMS,
(Corner of Queen's Road and Duddell Street).
THE Undersigned has always thought that such a place as this was the one thing needed to fit in between Hong Kong and the out-ports. He has now opened a Grill Room, providing it with First-class in every detail. A place where one may have his GRILLED CHOP or STEAK at any hour of the Day, up to 11 P.M.; or later if notice be given. He is also prepared to SUPPLY MEALS TO PRIVATE PARTIES per Menu or Order—the Parties sending Applications, &c., for same—and Cash. Scale on application.

Monthly Board for One Person...\$35.00
Dinner...\$1.00
AMERICAN FROZEN OYSTERS always on hand and served in every style.
Breakfast...\$0.50
Dinner...\$0.75
Special Tiffin and Dinners served in elegant style at short notice.
W. THOMAS, Proprietor.
Hongkong, 3rd May, 1893. [1248]

NOTICE.
FROM the 1st of November next, the SHANGHAI BUTCHERY will be prepared to Supply BROWN LARD IN BLADDERS, FRESH and PICKLED ENGLISH PORK, SERRAGES, &c., &c.
Also,
BEEF IN JOINTS and CORNED, BLACK PUDDINGS, PORK and GAME PIES.
S. R. GALE.
Shanghai, 15th October, 1893. [1160]

AN APPEAL.
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE ITALIAN CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents of Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind support and aid, and desires to state that he will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of NEEDLE WORK.
Children's Shirts made to order, and Cuffs and Collars (renewed and altered).
Ladies' Underclothing, Under-dresses, Children's Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery. Materials can be supplied (if required).
The Superintendents will also be most grateful for any PATCHES, or old ENVELOPES to be made into Bags for the Children of the Poor Schools, who are taught by the Sisters.
Hongkong, 30th April, 1893. [1408]

TO-day's Advertisements.
PERSISTENCE LODGE OF
HONGKONG, No. 156, E.C.
A REGULAR MEETING of the above LODGE will be held in the PARKERS HALL, 2nd Floor, 156, E.C., on FRIDAY, the 16th instant, at 8.30 for 9 o'clock precisely. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1238]

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW.
The Company's Steamship
"HAI TAN,"
Captain Giddard, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 19th instant, at Daylight.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co., General Managers.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1230]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.
The Steamship
"FLINTSHIRE,"
Captain Dwyer, will be despatched to above on FRIDAY, the 24th instant.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1218]

Co-day's Advertisements.
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Co-day's Advertisements.
NOTICE.
I HAVE RESUMED CHARGE of the Hongkong Telegraph.
R. FRASER-SMITH, Editor & Proprietor.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1893.

between the censuses of 1881 and 1891, then in 1911 it will contain no fewer than 17,127,615 human beings. If, on the other hand, we suppose that the recent rate of progress cannot be kept up, and that the metropolis hereafter will only expand by means of the natural increase of births over deaths, then the population fifty years hence will be 10,816,079. If, finally, all ratios of increase should be disregarded, and we should simply add for each decade the precise number of persons added in the ten years preceding 1891, we should obtain 10,666,667 as the population of 1941. After weighing all the considerations that might affect the calculation, the committee of the County Council determined to accept 12,500,000 as the most reasonable estimate of the population of London fifty years hence, and they accordingly recommended that the scale of the new works should be adjusted to this computation.

Of what incredible complexity and amplitude are the conditions of food-purveyance presented by such a stupendous live of human beings! Of what unparalleled intricacy and importance are the sanitary problems involved! With what peculiar fervor should the swarming inhabitants of future London pray to be delivered from plague and pestilence, and with what new and appalling terrors would war be clothed through its threatened disruption of the machinery relied upon for a daily food supply.

It is obvious that no city comparable in size with the London of the future can exist in the Continent of Europe until there is a general disarmament of the nations and a universal acquiescence in a regime of peace. To such a huge urban population, massed under supremely artificial conditions, the relative security afforded by England's insular situation is indispensable. Paris, Berlin, Vienna must incessantly contemplate the possibility of invasion, and it is evident that no city containing ten and a half millions of inhabitants could withstand a siege. The unprecedented magnitude which London seems destined to attain is due to the fact that its rampart is the sea, and with every year it will become a matter of more vital moment to make certain that the British Navy keeps the rampart safe. — *New York Sun.*

BITS OF INFORMATION.

A watch has 1776 o'clocks a year.
A guinea gun fires 5,000 shots a minute.
St. Gothard tunnel is nine and a half miles long.

The proper complement of human teeth is thirty-two.
Clouds are on the average about 500 yards in thickness.

There are 6,000,000 leaves upon an elm tree thirty feet high.
The word "action" contains all the vowels in their proper order.

On an average 20,000 widowers re-marry as against 18,000 widows.

People as a rule hear better with their right than with their left ear.

Excluding Alaska, Brazil is larger in extent than the United States.

In the reign of Louis XVI. the hats of the ladies were two feet high and four wide.

The largest ears have only sixteen ounces of brain; the largest men have thirty.

All the glaciers in the Alps would not equal one of the largest in the Territory of Alaska.

The first naval expedition on record was that of the Argonaut, probably pirates, B.C. 1263.

The first sea fight mentioned in history was between the Corinthians and Ceryneans, B.C. 604.

The United States has a larger percentage of blind people than any other country in the world.

There were no italics used in the Biblical text until the time of the King James version, 1611.

The itching found in infected pork are sometimes so numerous that 80,000 have been found to the cubic inch.

Attila, King of the Huns, was buried in three coffins—the first of gold, the second of silver and the third of iron.

In 1871 500 leading doctors of England issued a cautionary declaration against the use of alcohol in medical practice.

"The Star Song of the Banner" (an adaptation of "Anacron in Heaven" composed by Dr. Samuel Arnold of England in 1770).

The amount of air that a man will inhale in twenty-four hours will fill seventy-eight hog-heads and weigh fifty-three pounds.

The wood area of the United States is 1,113,000 square miles, or an area amounting to twenty-five States as big as Pennsylvania.

If human dwellings were constructed on the same proportionate scale as the ant-hill in Africa, private residences would be a mile high.

The capital "A" occurs 3,791 times in the Old Testament. The capital letter "Q" will be found but twice in the Old Testament and three times in the New.

"Soundella" as a slang name for money had its origin in the Greek word *symploche*, a shell; shell of that species being once used as money, both in Greece and in Italy.

The army of Philip of Macedonia was the largest standing army known up to his time, containing 500,000 foot and 50,000 horse. Its main reliance was a great phalanx of 18,000 men.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

(COMPILED FROM VARIOUS SOURCES.)
Many a girl who marries for leisure repeats in haste.

When you give advice don't try to put it all in italics.

A great truth—it is still the right time to advertise.

Jerusalem is now a railway terminus. Jerusalem!

A girl should marry for protection instead of for revenue only. In the latter case she checks in the baggage car except the iron safe.

There is no telling how unexpected that death has once begotten.

Riches have wings, but it is a sad fact that they rarely fly our way.

Concels is the most incurable disease that is known to the human soul.

The United States Senate is one of those things that go without saying.

People who are always boasting generally pay about double for what they get.

Never say you know a man till you have divided an inheritance with him.

All people have a history, but the wise ones are not in the biography business.

Most of the United States Senators read their speeches. Most other people don't.

A newspaper, Ky, girl married a fellow seventeen feet tall. She had loved him long.

Ever visible in these days is checked in the baggage car except the iron safe.

So far no one has ever made the blunder of painting a Cupid on his face as if he had any sense. Those who habitually ask advice never remember it when they win, nor forget it if they lose.

"There is no such word as fail." "No, not any more; it's either an assignment or a receiver-ship."

The motto of too many business men seems to be—If at first you don't succeed, fail, fail, again.

Misunderstood—"So poor Jim is dead? Peace to his ashes?" "Do you think he has gone there?"

A silver dollar is like a great many women—it goes for its face value, but it is worth a great deal less.

The latest method of eloping is by bicycle. In such instances it is love which makes the wheels go round.

We ought, says the *Troy Press*, to keep peace with China as long as we have a Pacific Ocean between us.

A correspondent asks: "How can I get a copious flow of language?" "Try stepping on a brass tack."

No Room for Apathism—"Do you believe in dreams?" "Why, of course! I've often had them myself."

It's no use to ask a man who is gone to have a tooth pulled whether he doesn't think this is just a perfect day.

When a woman hears a man praising another woman to her face she thinks what horrible deceivers men are.

The Lesser of Two Evils—Give me neither poverty nor riches, but if I must have one of them give me riches.

Whenever you have a proposition to get something for nothing, it will pay you to walk around it by the furthest route.

Some people are so kind to tell the truth. If you ask one of them to lend you \$1 he will declare he hasn't a cent.

The enter of the early apple catches the worm. In carrying a gun the great point is to point the muzzle the other way.

"So poor Dradger is gone, is he?" "Yes—worked himself to death trying to keep up his payments on life insurance."

She—Do you think it is the sign of death when a dog howls beneath your window? He—Yes, if you are a good shot.

Little Alice—What is a boor, mamma? Cynical Mamma—A boor, dear, is a man who has never been taught to lie.

Actress—I wonder what I shall do this season to keep myself before the public. Sister Actress—Why don't you try acting?

Young Senior—You wouldn't take me for a married man, would you? Miss Fright—I rather think I would, if you should ask me.

A reputation once broken may possibly be repaired, but the world will always keep their eyes on the spot where the crack was.

Maud—(with partner)—How do you feel? Ethel—(sitting alone)—Fine as a fiddle. Maud—(mildly)—What without a head?

We king for perfection in about as remunerative as planting pebbles with the idea that they will grow into marble columns.

A disturbing feature of the love feast between France and Russia is that France is providing the love and Russia is doing the feasting.

Hadn't Luck—Last night Mr. Snyling—Have you any idea of his hair in your head? She—There weren't any when you came, Mr. Snyling.

Early Explained—"I always knew he was too timid to propose." "But he married a short time ago." "Yes, but he married a widow."

"George, father has failed." "Thank! Just like him. I told you all along, darling, that he was going to do all he could to keep us from marrying."

Very Unfortunate—"It's quite tough to own only one pair of clothes," said Hicks. "Suppose some one steals it. Why, you have absolutely no redress."

"And how is your table?" asked the prospective boarder. "Splendid!" said the landlady. "Why, it's so rich that people are dying of indigestion all the time."

An extraordinary woman. "When I proposed to her what do you think she said?" "This is so sudden, of course." "No, sir," said the man. "Did you ever read 'The Man Without a Country'?" "Whys—No, but I can sympathize with him. I am 'The Man Without Any Relatives in Chicago.'"

A lady reader wants to know if we believe in cures by "laying on of hands." We do, madame, we do most fervently. But a slipper or the back of a hair brush is better.

More Information—Tommy—Paw, what is the equinox? Mr. Pig—Equinox, my son, is derived from two words, equus and ox. It is one of the names of the horned horse.

Judge—You are charged with being drunk; but haven't I seen you somewhere before? Prisoner—You have. We took the gold cure together. Judge—Discharged.

Too Serious—Elsie—Why did you break off your engagement with George? Gladys—You see, we were forced to be together a good deal, and I found I was getting tired of him.

One of Boston's Englishmen—This is beastly weather. Bostonian—Beastly? Why, there's nothing animal about it, is there? Englishman—Certainly, isn't it raining cats and dogs?

THE BLOW VALLA.
"Mr. Arden," the landlady said, "I'll condense to you, I am sorry to say you will have to pay in advance for your lodging and board."

Mrs. Phosphorus—I don't see how it is that so many apparently iron-bound wills can be broken at all by the testator's dies. Mr. Phosphorus—Well, you know the old saying, where's a will there's a way.

Woman's War—"You don't know what disagreeable things Mrs. Decker said about you yesterday," explained one friend to another. "I don't know," answered the other. "She said you were a good deal like her."

WIFE OF MILLIONAIRES.
Wife of millionaires married to it in our graves would be content. We should, dying, leave behind us. Not so much as one-blinded cent.

The members of the House of Lords to the United States Senate, says the *N.Y. World*, is a striking but not speaking likeness. The Lords vote and don't talk; the Senate talks and won't vote.

Dr. Doctor, do you believe that the use of tobacco tends to shorten a man's days? Dr. Doctor—I know that it does. I tried to quit once, and the day after about eighty hours I was back.

Look here, said Mrs. Tadpole to Henry Higgins. "I give you a dinner yesterday." "You did, indeed," replied Higgins with a courtly bow, and one good dinner deserves another.

A HEAVENLY MADE DECISION.
When music heaven's maid was young, To love the heavenly maid was young. But now that she is old and young. Not so much as one-blinded cent.

Why, Clara, you look miserable! What has happened to you? "I just received an invitation to a wedding." "I wish, then, something particular to that to go into raptures over." "Ah, but it is a wedding to be held on the 17th of next month."

Mrs. Jones—How does Mr. Lightning's hair been arranged for his wedding? She says her husband made her hair. Mrs. Jones—He was probably feeling the table; when they saw a lady who made him hair.

A CHICAGO BIBLIOPHILE.
I asked her if she had read Kant. "Oh," she replied, "he's a bore. But I have a sweet copy of Dante With beautiful pictures by Dante."

A Sublimity—Kingsley—"Don't you think it retards digestion to read a newspaper at meal times? Blego—On the contrary. I find it a great help. When my wife makes a fall of the breakfast I devour the paper."

Mother—For mercy's sake, child, what do you expect to do in the world? You can't cook, nor sew, nor teach school, and you are not an actress; what can you do? Daughter—Well, mother, I can get married, can't I?

Not the right answer—Female Sunday school teacher (who is trying to explain the parable of the Good Shepherd)—Suppose, Tommy, your children were all little sheep, what would I be? Tommy—An old ewe.

The Degradation of Art—"What's it a matter, Brube? You look sad." "I am sad. I decorated a set of soup plates for Mrs. Boodle, and what do you suppose she does with them?" "Gives it up. What?" "Uses 'em for soup!"

MODERN EPIGRAM.
Few men on this terrestrial ball Less reason had at late to float He lived and died contented by all— You see, he never was found out.

H—You consider engagements binding, you say? She—Yes. He—And yet you confess that you were engaged to two men at the same time. How can that be possible? She—The engagements were binding on them, but not on me.

Fashion Note—Mr. Uppercrust (to his son)—"I say, Charles, why don't you wear your dress suit?" Charles—"Not much. The last time I wore my dress suit at a party a young lady ordered me to bring her a cup of coffee and be quick about it."

The tailor—Surely you don't mean that you want this coat made with a great hump of wadding in the back? Why, you'll look like a hunchback! The Customer—Huh! I'm a member of the Young Men's Bicycle Society and I'm a candidate for the Presidency of it.

MUSIC THEN AND NOW.
When music, heavenly maid, was young, She knew enough to hold her tongue. When music, heavenly maid, grew old, She learned to batter notes for gold. For music, in her middle age, Went on the operatic stage.

"Where is the man who hit my friend?" blustered the little man in the crowd. "I don't," replied a big toughy; "what are you going to do about it?" "Why—er—you see I am a professor of anatomy, and I should like to examine the marvelous development of your biceps."

An Honest Critic—He had a justly earned reputation as a graceful speaker and asked a riddle in a contest. "What do you think of my first just now?" "Well," replied the candid old gentleman, "I must say some of the words was a little too much for me. But, just 'dignity' by sound, I should say it was mighty fine."

A Gross Undervaluation—Maud—Have you seen Tom this morning? Jennie—No, I haven't. I don't say to see him. Maud—Why not? Have you quarrelled? Jennie—No; but he's a brute. When the butting master rescued me from the angel-stone yesterday, Tom told him he wanted to make some valuable recognition of what he had done, and gave him a quarter of a dollar.

KANSAS BUGS IN DANGER.
The following is a sample verse from the Kansas cantata recently sung by the Topoka Modocs:

The way to knock the clink bugs out Is just to grab one by the snout. Then bore a hole deep in his pate Sufficient to incaluate;

Hold fast his legs, so he can't squirm, Plug in a quart of cholera germ. Plug up the hole, leave him at ease. Until he gets the dread disease;

Then let him loose among his mates Until disease is everywhere.

SOUND SYMPOSIUM.
I said: "The times are hard, and bread is dear when work is not;

And said, indeed, it is poverty, and lonely is its lot; And faint the gleam of silver is, and far the gleam of gold;

The chilly winds are blowing, but the hearth at home is cold."

Then one climbed up and twined her arms—her little arms so white—

Around my neck, and softly said: "I love you tonight!"

And, as she cuddled close to me—the winsome little witch—

The times were hard no longer; for her love had made me rich.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, for *Rickets, Marasmus* and all wasting disorders of children, is very remarkable in its results. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful. Read the following: "I have tried Scott's Emulsion in cases of wasting in young children, and I am of opinion that it is a valuable preparation for such cases. The children take it and ask for more, and the good effects are apparent. I consider it far superior to ordinary Cod Liver Oil."—J. MARSHALL, M.B.C.S., &c., 143, Grange Road, Brompton, S.W. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China. — *Advt.*

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY.
GREAT REDUCTION IN RENT FOR BED-ROOMS OR OFFICES!

ROOMS to be let, UNFURNISHED or FURNISHED, from \$1 to \$40 per month, including Water and Partial attendance, but not Gas.

Special reductions would be made to parties occupying suites of Rooms.

Apply to R. TUCKER, Manager, Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1249]

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Co-day's Advertisements.

NOTICE.
I HAVE RESUMED CHARGE of the *Hongkong Telegraph*.

R. FRASER-SMITH, Editor and Proprietor, Hongkong, 16th November, 1893.

AUCTION SALE BY A. E. SKEELS & Co., at their SALE ROOMS, 17, PRINCE CENTRAL, on SATURDAY next, 18th November, 1893, AT 2.45 P.M.

SECOND CONSIGNMENT OF WATCHES AND JEWELLERY. Two Photo Cameras, quite new, with Tripod Stands.

Two Musical Boxes (3 Tunes) Tweed Lengths, One Box of Shirts, Towels, Bed Quilt.

AND A QUANTITY OF MISCELLANEOUS PROPERTY. SALE TERMS—Cash on delivery.

A. E. SKEELS & Co., Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1247]

FURNITURE SALE BY A. E. SKEELS & Co., at their SALE ROOMS, 17, PRINCE CENTRAL, on TUESDAY next, 21st November, 1893, AT 2.30 P.M.

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Consisting of—Drawing-room, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture, handsome Sideboards, Overmantels, Double and Single Wardrobes, Ladies Dressing Tables with long Swing Glasses, Marble-top Washstands, Fancy Tables, Fenders and Fire Irons, Extension Dining Tables, Chairs of Drawers, Chairs and various Household Requisites.

ALSO, OFFICE FURNITURE, Consisting of—Two Iron Safes, Copying Press, Writing Desks, Book Cases, Letter Stand.

ALSO, Two Cottage Planes, Two Cooking Stoves, &c., &c.

A. E. SKEELS & Co., Hongkong, 16th November, 1893. [1248]

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